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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION

INXIGHT SOFTWARE, INC., a Delaware
corporation,

Plaintiff,
vs.

VERITY, INC., a Delaware corporation,

Defendant.

Case No. C05 01660 CRB

STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER

VERITY, INC., a Delaware corporation,
 Counter-claimant,
 vs.
 INXIGHT SOFTWARE, INC., a Delaware
 corporation, and ALPHA LUK,
 Counter-defendants.

1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

Disclosure and discovery activity in this action are likely to involve production of confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation would be warranted. Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following Stipulated Protective Order. The parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on all disclosures or responses to discovery and that the protection it affords extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled under the applicable legal principles to treatment as confidential. The parties further acknowledge, as set forth in Section 10, below, that this Stipulated Protective Order creates no entitlement to file confidential information under seal; Civil Local Rule 79-5 sets forth the procedures that must be followed and reflects the standards that will be applied when a party seeks permission from the court to file material under seal.

2. DEFINITIONS

2.1 Party: any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors, employees, consultants, retained experts, and outside counsel (and their support staff).

2.2 Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items or information, regardless of the medium or manner generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things, testimony, transcripts, or tangible things) that are produced or generated in disclosures or responses to discovery in this matter.

2.3 “Confidential” Information or Items: information (regardless of how generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that contain trade secrets or other confidential research, development, commercial or business information.

2.4 “Highly Confidential – Attorneys’ Eyes Only” Information or Items: extremely sensitive “Confidential Information or Items” whose disclosure to another Party or non-party would create a substantial risk of serious injury that could not be avoided by less restrictive means.

2.5 Receiving Party: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material from a Producing Party.

2.6 Producing Party: a Party or non-party that produces Disclosure or Discovery Material in this action.

2.7. Designating Party: a Party or non-party that designates information or items that it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as “Confidential” or “Highly Confidential — Attorneys’ Eyes Only.”

2.8 Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated as “Confidential” or as “Highly Confidential – Attorneys’ Eyes Only.”

2.9. Outside Counsel: attorneys who are not employees of a Party but who are retained to represent or advise a Party in this action.

2.10 House Counsel: attorneys who are employees of a Party.

2.11 Counsel (without qualifier): Outside Counsel and House Counsel (as well as their support staffs).

2.12 Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert witness or as a consultant in this action and who is not a current employee of a Party or of a competitor of a Party’s and who, at the time of retention, is not anticipated to become an employee of a Party or a competitor of a Party’s. This definition includes a professional jury or trial consultant retained in connection with this litigation.

2.13 Professional Vendors: persons or entities that provide litigation support services (e.g., photocopying; videotaping; translating; preparing exhibits or demonstrations; organizing, storing, retrieving data in any form or medium; etc.) and their employees and subcontractors.

3. SCOPE

The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected Material (as defined above), but also any information copied or extracted therefrom, as well as all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations thereof, plus testimony, conversations, or presentations by parties or counsel to or in court or in other settings that might reveal Protected Material.

4. DURATION

Even after the termination of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed by this Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing or a court order otherwise directs.

5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection.

Each Party or non-party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. A Designating Party must take care to designate for protection only those parts of material, documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify – so that other portions of the material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order.

Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are shown to be clearly unjustified, or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to unnecessarily encumber or retard the case development process, or to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties), expose the Designating Party to sanctions.

1 If it comes to a Party's or a non-party's attention that information or items that it
 2 designated for protection do not qualify for protection at all, or do not qualify for the level of
 3 protection initially asserted, that Party or non-party must promptly notify all other parties that it is
 4 withdrawing the mistaken designation

5 5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in this
 6 Order (see, e.g., second paragraph of section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered,
 7 material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so designated before the
 8 material is disclosed or produced.

9 Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

10 (a) for information in documentary form (apart from transcripts of depositions or
 11 other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing Party affix the legend "CONFIDENTIAL"
 12 or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" on each page that contains
 13 protected material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection,
 14 the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making
 15 appropriate markings in the margins) and must specify, for each portion, the level of protection
 16 being asserted (either "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS'
 17 EYES ONLY").

18 A Party or non-party that makes original documents or materials available for
 19 inspection need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated
 20 which material it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and before the
 21 designation, all of the material made available for inspection shall be deemed "HIGHLY
 22 CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." After the inspecting Party has identified the
 23 documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which documents,
 24 or portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order. Then, before producing the specified
 25 documents, the Producing Party must affix the appropriate legend ("CONFIDENTIAL" or
 26 "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY") on each page that contains
 27 Protected Material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection,

the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins) and must specify, for each portion, the level of protection being asserted (either “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY”).

(b) for testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings, that the Party or non-party offering or sponsoring the testimony identify on the record, before the close of the deposition, hearing, or other proceeding, all protected testimony, and further specify any portions of the testimony that qualify as “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY.” When it is impractical to identify separately each portion of testimony that is entitled to protection, and when it appears that substantial portions of the testimony may qualify for protection, the Party or non-party that sponsors, offers, or gives the testimony may invoke on the record (before the deposition or proceeding is concluded) a right to have up to twenty (20) days after the receipt of the written transcript to identify the specific portions of the testimony as to which protection is sought and to specify the level of protection being asserted (“CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY”). Only those portions of the testimony that are appropriately designated for protection within the twenty (20) days shall be covered by the provisions of this Stipulated Protective Order.

Transcript pages containing Protected Material must be separately bound by the court reporter, who must affix on each such page the legend “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY,” as instructed by the Party or non-party offering or sponsoring the witness or presenting the testimony.

(c) for information produced in some form other than documentary, and for any other tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the container or containers in which the information or item is stored the legend “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY.” If only portions of the information or item warrant protection, the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall

1 identify the protected portions, specifying whether they qualify as “Confidential” or as “Highly
2 Confidential – Attorneys’ Eyes Only.”

3 5.3 Computer Source Code and Similar Electronic Media.

4 (a) As used herein, “Computer Source Code” shall mean statements for the
5 programming of computers written in a high-level or assembly language that are readable by
6 humans but are not directly readable by a computer. Any person may specially designate as
7 “CONFIDENTIAL: ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY — RESTRICTED ELECTRONIC MEDIA”
8 any Computer Source Code or other similar extremely sensitive technical materials (whether in
9 electronic or hardcopy form) that it produces in the course of discovery in this Action when such
10 person has a good faith belief that such material qualifies for such protection under this Order and
11 that access to such materials would allow replication of an otherwise confidential computer
12 program. The designation of material as “CONFIDENTIAL: ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY —
13 RESTRICTED ELECTRONIC MEDIA” shall have no effect on any person’s claim of ownership
14 concerning that material. Except as otherwise provided herein, “CONFIDENTIAL:
15 ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY — RESTRICTED ELECTRONIC MEDIA” shall be subject to all
16 of the same restrictions as materials designated “CONFIDENTIAL: ATTORNEYS’ EYES
17 ONLY” with the following additional restrictions:

18 (i) If a person is requested to produce electronic copies of material
19 properly designated as “CONFIDENTIAL: ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY — RESTRICTED
20 ELECTRONIC MEDIA,” any such production shall be made on CD. The disclosing person shall
21 provide to the receiving party at least two (2) identical CD’s containing the requested materials.

22 (ii) The receiving party shall not make copies in any medium of any
23 “CONFIDENTIAL: ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY — RESTRICTED ELECTRONIC MEDIA”
24 except as follows:

25 (1) At any given time, the receiving party may copy each
26 produced copy of “CONFIDENTIAL: ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY — RESTRICTED
27 ELECTRONIC MEDIA” only into the RAM of a single computer. Without limiting the

generality of the foregoing, a particular copy of “CONFIDENTIAL: ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY — RESTRICTED ELECTRONIC MEDIA” may not be copied into the RAM of one computer and then, while leaving that copy on the first computer, subsequently copied into the RAM of another computer without prior written approval from counsel for the disclosing person.

(2) Any computer into whose RAM material properly designated as “CONFIDENTIAL: ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY — RESTRICTED ELECTRONIC MEDIA” is copied must be disconnected from any and all networks before the material is copied onto the computer and for the duration of the time the material remains on the computer. Only after all such material is removed from RAM and that computer has been shut down may any network connection be made or restored.

(3) Any computer into whose RAM material properly designated as “CONFIDENTIAL: ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY — RESTRICTED ELECTRONIC MEDIA” is copied must remain in the direct control only of those persons specified in Paragraph 2(c) of this Order as properly having access to “CONFIDENTIAL: ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” material.

(4) Except for transitory copies created in the RAM or other internal operating circuitry of a computer, excerpts of material properly designated as “CONFIDENTIAL: ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY — RESTRICTED ELECTRONIC MEDIA” shall be copied onto paper or electronic media only for the purpose of creating submissions to the Court for presentation to the Court at hearings or at trial, and, once having been made, all such excerpts of such material shall be designated “CONFIDENTIAL: ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” in the name of the disclosing person.

(iii) To the extent that the provisions of Section 5.3 may conflict with any other provision of this Order, the provisions of this Paragraph shall control.

5.4 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. Notwithstanding Section 5.2 above, if timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to designate qualified information or items as “Confidential” or “Highly Confidential – Attorneys’ Eyes Only” does not, standing alone, waive

the Designating Party's right to secure protection under this Order for such material. If material is appropriately designated as "Confidential" or "Highly Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only" after the material was initially produced, the Receiving Party, on timely notification of the designation, must make reasonable efforts to assure that the material is treated in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

6.1 Timing of Challenges. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party's confidentiality designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic burdens, or a later significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party does not waive its right to challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the original designation is disclosed.

6.2 Meet and Confer. A Party that elects to initiate a challenge to a Designating Party's confidentiality designation must do so in good faith and must begin the process by conferring directly (in voice to voice dialogue; other forms of communication are not sufficient) with counsel for the Designating Party. In conferring, the challenging Party must explain the basis for its belief that the confidentiality designation was not proper and must give the Designating Party an opportunity to review the designated material, to reconsider the circumstances, and, if no change in designation is offered, to explain the basis for the chosen designation. A challenging Party may proceed to the next stage of the challenge process only if it has engaged in this meet and confer process first and only after the Designating Party has been given 10 calendar days to respond to the challenging Party's objection..

6.3 Judicial Intervention. A Party that elects to press a challenge to a confidentiality designation after considering the justification offered by the Designating Party may file and serve a motion under Civil Local Rule 7 (and in compliance with Civil Local Rule 79-5, if applicable) that identifies the challenged material and sets forth in detail the basis for the challenge. Absent good cause for extending the following deadlines, a challenging Party's motion must be filed within 14 days of the Designating Party's response to the challenge or, if no

1 response, the expiration of the 10 days given to the Designating Party to Respond. Each such
2 motion must be accompanied by a competent declaration that affirms that the movant has
3 complied with the meet and confer requirements imposed in the preceding paragraph, and that
4 sets forth with specificity the justification for the confidentiality designation that was given by the
5 Designating Party in the meet and confer dialogue. The burden of persuasion in any such
6 challenge proceeding shall be on the Designating Party. Until the court rules on the challenge, all
7 parties shall continue to afford the material in question the level of protection to which it is
8 entitled under the Producing Party's designation.

9 7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

10 7.1 Basic Principles. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is
11 disclosed or produced by another Party or by a non-party in connection with this case only for
12 prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Such Protected Material may be
13 disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order.
14 When the litigation has been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of
15 section 11, below (FINAL DISPOSITION).

16 Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a
17 location and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under
18 this Order.

19 7.2 Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items. Unless otherwise
20 ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may
21 disclose any information or item designated CONFIDENTIAL only to:

22 (a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of record in this action, as well as
23 employees of said Counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this
24 litigation and who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" that is attached
25 hereto as Exhibit A;

(b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the “Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order” (Exhibit A);

(c) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the “Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order” (Exhibit A);

(d) the Court and its personnel;

(e) court reporters, their staffs, and Professional Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the “Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order” (Exhibit A);

(f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary and who have signed the “Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order” (Exhibit A). Pages of transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material must be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted under this Stipulated Protective Order; and

(g) the author of the document or the original source of the information.

7.3 Disclosure of “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any information or item designated “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” only to:

(a) the Receiving Party’s Outside Counsel of record in this action, as well as employees of said Counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this litigation and who have signed the “Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order” that is attached hereto as Exhibit A;

(b) One House Counsel of a Receiving Party (1) who has no involvement in competitive decision making or in patent prosecutions involving the technologies used in the Parties’ products, including, but not limited to search, retrieval, classification and analysis of text

1 and data, (2) to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation, and (3) who has
 2 signed the “Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order” that is attached hereto as Exhibit A;

3 (c) Experts (as defined in this Order) (1) to whom disclosure is reasonably
 4 necessary for this litigation, and (2) who have signed the “Agreement to Be Bound by Protective
 5 Order” (Exhibit A);

6 (d) the Court and its personnel;

7 (e) court reporters, their staffs, and Professional Vendors to whom disclosure is
 8 reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the “Agreement to Be Bound by
 9 Protective Order” (Exhibit A); and

10 (f) the author of the document or the original source of the information.

11 7.4 Retention of Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order (Exhibit A).
 12 Counsel for the party retaining the expert or consultant (“Retaining Party”) shall maintain the
 13 original executed Exhibit A in his or its files until the conclusion of this Action and any appeals
 14 therefrom at which time the Retaining Party, upon receipt of a written demand from the
 15 Designating Party, shall provide a copy of the executed Exhibit A to the Designating Party.

16 7.5 Use of Confidential Material in Depositions. Whenever
 17 “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” material
 18 is to be discussed or disclosed in a deposition: (a) any person who has produced or will produce
 19 such material may require the exclusion from the room of any person who is not entitled to
 20 receive such material under this Order; and (b) any party who will disclose material previously
 21 designated pursuant to Section 5, above, shall first exclude from the room any person who is not
 22 entitled to receive such material under this Order.

23 8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN
 24 OTHER LITIGATION.

25 If a Receiving Party is served with a subpoena or an order issued in other litigation
 26 that would compel disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as
 27 “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY,” the

1 Receiving Party must so notify the Designating Party, in writing (by fax, if possible) immediately
2 and in no event more than three (3) court days after receiving the subpoena or order. Such
3 notification must include a copy of the subpoena or court order.

4 The Receiving Party also must immediately inform in writing the Party who
5 caused the subpoena or order to issue in the other litigation that some or all the material covered
6 by the subpoena or order is the subject of this Protective Order. In addition, the Receiving Party
7 must deliver a copy of this Stipulated Protective Order promptly to the Party in the other action
8 that caused the subpoena or order to issue.

9 The purpose of imposing these duties is to alert the interested parties to the
10 existence of this Protective Order and to afford the Designating Party in this case an opportunity
11 to try to protect its confidentiality interests in the court from which the subpoena or order issued.
12 The Designating Party shall bear the burdens and the expenses of seeking protection in that court
13 of its confidential material – and nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or
14 encouraging a Receiving Party in this action to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

15 9. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

16 If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed
17 Protected Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated
18 Protective Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating
19 Party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all copies of the Protected
20 Material, (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the
21 terms of this Order, and (d) request such person or persons to execute the “Acknowledgment and
22 Agreement to Be Bound” that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

23 10. FILING PROTECTED MATERIAL.

24 Without written permission from the Designating Party or a court order secured
25 after appropriate notice to all interested persons, a Party may not file in the public record in this
26 action any Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any Protected Material must
27 comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5.

11. FINAL DISPOSITION.

Unless otherwise ordered or agreed in writing by the Producing Party, within sixty (60) days after the final termination of this action, each Receiving Party must return all Protected Material to the Producing Party. As used in this subdivision, “all Protected Material” includes all copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other form of reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. With permission in writing from the Designating Party, the Receiving Party may destroy some or all of the Protected Material instead of returning it. Whether the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a written certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the Designating Party) by the sixty (60) day deadline that identifies (by category, where appropriate) all the Protected Material that was returned or destroyed and that affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or other forms of reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers, transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence or attorney work product, even if such materials contain Protected Material. Any such archival copies that contain or constitute Protected Material remain subject to this Protective Order as set forth in Section 4 (DURATION) above.

12. MISCELLANEOUS

12.1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person to seek its modification by the Court in the future.

12.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this Protective Order no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of

1 the material covered by this Protective Order.

2 IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.

3
4 Dated: June 7, 2005

MANATT, PHELPS & PHILLIPS, LLP

5 By: /s/ Christopher L. Wanger
6 Christopher L. Wanger
7 *Attorneys for Defendant and Counter-*
8 *claimant, VERITY, INC.*

9
10 Dated: June 7, 2005

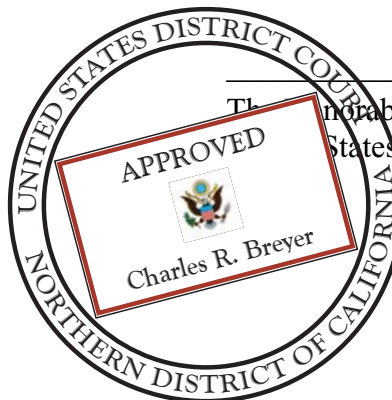
ORRICK, HERRINGTON & SUTCLIFFE LLP

11 By: /s/ Thomas J. Gray
12 Thomas J. Gray
13 *Attorneys for Plaintiff and Counter-*
14 *defendants, INXIGHT SOFTWARE, INC.*
15 *AND ALPHA LUK*

16 *Filer's Attestation: Pursuant to General Order No. 45, Section X(B) regarding signatures,*
17 *Christopher L. Wanger hereby attests that concurrence in the filing of this document has been obtained.*

18
19 PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED.

20 Dated: June 08, 2005



21
22 The Honorable Charles R. Breyer
23 States District Judge

EXHIBIT A

ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

I, _____ [print or type full name], of _____
 [print or type full address], declare under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and
 understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was issued by the United States District Court for
 the Northern District of California on _____ [date] in the case of *Inxight Software, Inc. v.*
Verity, Inc. (U.S.D.C. N.D. Cal. Case No. C05-01660 CRB). I agree to comply with and to be
 bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that
 failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I
 solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject to
 this Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the
 provisions of this Order.

I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the
 Northern District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective
 Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.

I hereby appoint _____ [print or type full name] of
 _____ [print or type full address and telephone
 number] as my California agent for service of process in connection with this action or any
 proceedings related to enforcement of this Stipulated Protective Order.

Date: _____

City and State where sworn and signed: _____

Printed name: _____

[printed name]

Signature: _____

[signature]